

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 15-1419V

Filed: July 27, 2016

UNPUBLISHED

EMANUEL WOODS, *

*

Petitioner, *

v. *

*

Attorneys' Fees and Costs;

SECRETARY OF HEALTH *

Special Processing Unit ("SPU")

AND HUMAN SERVICES, *

*

Respondent. *

*

Maximillian J. Muller, Muller Brazil, LLP, Dresher, PA, for petitioner.

Julia Wernett McInerney, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

Dorsey, Chief Special Master:

On November 23, 2015, Emanuel Woods ("petitioner") filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleged that he suffered from Guillain-Barre syndrome ("GBS") as a result of an influenza ("flu") vaccine he received on November 25, 2013. Petition at 1. On June 27, 2016, the undersigned issued a decision awarding compensation to petitioner based on the parties' joint stipulation. (ECF No. 15).

On July 11, 2016, petitioner filed a motion for attorneys' fees and costs. (ECF No. 19). Petitioner requests attorneys' fees in the amount of \$18,881.50, and attorneys' costs in the amount of \$1,342.38, for a total amount of \$20,223.88. *Id.* at 1-2. In

¹ Because this unpublished decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, the undersigned intends to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, the undersigned agrees that the identified material fits within this definition, the undersigned will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all "§" references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

accordance with General Order #9, petitioner's counsel states that Mr. Woods did not advance any funds in the prosecution of his claim.

On July 27, 2016, respondent filed a response to the motion for attorneys' fees and costs stating that respondent does not object to the overall amount sought, as it is not an unreasonable amount to have been incurred for the proceedings to date. Respondent states that her lack of objection should not be construed as an admission, concession or waiver as to the hourly rate requested, the number of hours billed, or the other litigation costs.

The Vaccine Act permits an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. § 15(e). Based on the reasonableness of petitioner's request and the lack of opposition from respondent, the undersigned **GRANTS** petitioner's motion for attorneys' fees and costs.

Accordingly, the undersigned awards the total of \$20,223.88³ as a lump sum in the form of a check jointly payable to petitioner and petitioner's counsel Muller Brazil, LLP.

The clerk of the court shall enter judgment in accordance herewith.⁴

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey
Nora Beth Dorsey
Chief Special Master

³ This amount is intended to cover all legal expenses incurred in this matter. This award encompasses all charges by the attorney against a client, "advanced costs" as well as fees for legal services rendered. Furthermore, § 15(e)(3) prevents an attorney from charging or collecting fees (including costs) that would be in addition to the amount awarded herein. See *generally Beck v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.*, 924 F.2d 1029 (Fed. Cir.1991).

⁴ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.