In the United States Court of Federal Claims OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

Filed: April 20, 2018

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JESSICA FUESEL,	* UNPUBLISHED
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Petitioner,	* Chief Special Master Dorsey
	*
	* No. 02-0095V
V.	*
	* Attorneys' Fees and Costs; Autism;
SECRETARY OF HEALTH	* Duplicative Work; Vague Entries;
AND HUMAN SERVICES,	* Unnecessary Travel
	*
Respondent.	*
* * * * * * * * * * *	*

<u>Clifford John Shoemaker</u>, Shoemaker and Associates, Vienna, VA, for petitioner. <u>Linda Sara Renzi</u>, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

DECISION AWARDING ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

On January 31, 2002, Wayne Fuesel and Tami Fuesel ("petitioners")² filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program³ ("the Program"), as

² On October 16, 2017, petitioners filed a motion to amend the caption to reflect their daughter, Jessica Fuesel, as petitioner since she is no longer a minor. (ECF No. 118). The undersigned granted the motion on October 17, 2017. (ECF No. 120). Thus, the undersigned will refer to Jessica Fuesel ("petitioner") unless describing actions taken by petitioners prior to that date.

¹ This decision will be posted on the website of the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002, 44 U.S.C. § 3501 (2012). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** As provided by 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-12(d)(4)B), however, the parties may objection to the published Decision's inclusion of certain kinds of confidential information. Specifically, Under Vaccine Rule 18(b), each party has 14 days within which to request redaction "of any information furnished by that party: (1) that is a trade secret or commercial or financial in substance and is privileged or confidential; or (2) that includes medical files or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy." Vaccine Rule 18(b). Otherwise, the whole decision will be available to the public in its current form. <u>Id.</u>

³ The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program is set forth in Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755, codified as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (2012) ("Vaccine Act" or "the Act"). All citations in this decision to individual sections of the Vaccine Act are to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa.

parents and natural guardians of J.M.F., a minor. Petitioners alleged that J.M.F. developed autism as a direct result of thimerosal containing vaccines she received in 1998 and 1999. Petition at ¶¶ 7-8. On June 20, 2011, petitioners filed an amended petition asserting J.M.F. developed encephalopathy as a direct result of receiving the measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine on February 10, 1999. Amended Petition at ¶¶ 7-8.

On April 18, 2014, petitioners filed a motion asking to be included in the <u>J.M. et al.</u> (02-10V) omnibus case. On June 18, 2014, petitioners filed a status report in which they agreed to be bound by the omnibus ruling. The undersigned issued a decision dismissing both <u>J.M. et al.</u> and this case on August 31, 2017. <u>J.M. et al. v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 02-10V, 2017 WL 7409771 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Aug. 31, 2017).

On October 6, 2017, petitioners filed a motion for attorneys' fees and costs. Petitioners' Application ("Pet. App.") (ECF No. 116). Petitioners request \$67,518.35 in attorneys' fees, \$2,936.01 in attorneys' costs, and \$255.86 in petitioners' costs. Id. at 1.⁴ Thus, petitioners request a total of \$70,710.22 in fees and costs.

On October 19, 2017, respondent filed a response indicating he "is satisfied the statutory requirements for an award of attorneys' fees and costs are met in this case." Respondent's Response to Pet. App. ("Res. Response") at 2 (citing § 15(e)(1)(A)-(B)) (ECF No. 121). "Respondent respectfully recommends the Chief Special Master exercise her discretion and determine a reasonable award of attorneys' fees and costs." Id. at 3.

For the reasons discussed below, the undersigned <u>GRANTS</u> petitioner's⁵ motion and <u>AWARDS</u> \$63,942.57 in attorneys' fees and costs and \$255.86 in petitioner's costs.

I. Discussion

Under the Vaccine Act, a special master shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for any petition that results in an award of compensation. § 15(e)(1). When compensation is not awarded, the special master "may" award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs "if the special master or court determines that the petition was brought in good faith and there was a reasonable basis for the claim for which the petition was brought." §15(e)(3). Respondent has not objected to petitioners' application for fees and costs on the basis of a lack of good faith or reasonable basis. The undersigned finds that petitioners brought their petition in good faith and with a reasonable basis, and therefore will award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

⁴ Petitioners' counsel, Mr. Shoemaker, filed the motion and billing records, without pagination, as one document. The undersigned will use the page numbers generated by CM/ECF to identify particular entries.

⁵ As note earlier in this decision, on October 17, 2017, Jessica Fuesel was designated as petitioner in this case since she is no longer a minor. *See supra* note 2.

a. Attorneys' Fees

The Federal Circuit has approved use of the lodestar approach to determine reasonable attorneys' fees and costs under the Vaccine Act. <u>Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 515 F.3d 1343, 1349 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Using the lodestar approach, a court first determines "an initial estimate of a reasonable attorneys' fee by 'multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation times a reasonable hourly rate." <u>Id.</u> at 1347-58 (quoting <u>Blum v.</u> <u>Stenson</u>, 465 U.S. 886, 888 (1984)). Then, the court may make an upward or downward departure from the initial calculation of the fee award based on other specific findings. <u>Id.</u> at 1348.

Counsel must submit fee requests that include contemporaneous and specific billing records indicating the service performed, the number of hours expended on the service, and the name of the person performing the service. See Savin v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 85 Fed. Cl. 313, 316-18 (Fed. Cl. 2008). Counsel should not include in their fee requests hours that are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary." Saxton v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (quoting Hensley v. Eckerhart, 461 U.S. 424, 434 (1983)). It is "well within the special master's discretion to reduce the hours to a number that, in [her] experience and judgment, [is] reasonable for the work done." Id. at 1522. Furthermore, the special master may reduce a fee request *sua sponte*, apart from objections raised by respondent and without providing the petitioner notice and opportunity to respond. See Sabella v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 209 (Fed. Cl. 2009).

A special master need not engage in a line-by-line analysis of petitioner's fee application when reducing fees. <u>Broekelschen v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 102 Fed. Cl. 719, 729 (Fed. Cl. 2011). Special masters may rely on their experience with the Vaccine Act and its attorneys to determine the reasonable number of hours expended. <u>Wasson</u>, 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484, (Fed. Cl. Nov. 19, 1991) <u>rev'd on other grounds and aff'd in relevant part</u>, 988 F.2d 131 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Just as "[t]rial courts routinely use their prior experience to reduce hourly rates and the number of hours claimed in attorney fee requests . . . [v]accine program special masters are also entitled to use their prior experience in reviewing fee applications." <u>Saxton v. Sec'y of</u> Health & Human Servs., 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

i. Hourly Rates

Attorney	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Shoemaker	\$258	\$278	\$288	\$288	\$299	\$310	\$324.26	\$336.58
Gentry	\$242		\$260					
Knickelbein				\$225	\$252	\$261	\$271	\$281

Petitioner seeks attorneys' fees based upon the following hourly rates:

Attorney	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Shoemaker		\$336.58	\$372	\$385	\$400	\$415	\$430	\$440
Gentry				\$361				
Knickelbein		\$302	\$313	\$325	\$337	\$350	\$365	\$378

In late 2016, Special Master Corcoran determined the attorneys at Mr. Shoemaker's law firm were entitled to attorneys' fees based on hourly forum rates. <u>See Jaffri v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 13-484V, 2016 WL 7319407, at *6 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Sept. 30, 2016) (finding the <u>Davis</u> exception set forth in <u>Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 515 F.3d 1343, 1347-48 (Fed. Cir. 2008) did not apply). He awarded attorneys' fees based upon rates which fit within the forum rate ranges set forth in <u>McCulloch v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 09-293V, 2015 WL 5634323, at *19 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Sept. 1, 2015). <u>Jaffri</u>, 2016 WL 7319407, at *4.

The undersigned has also awarded fees for work performed by the attorneys at Mr. Shoemaker's law firm based upon forum rates. <u>See Prokopeas v. Sec'y of Health & Human</u> <u>Servs.</u>, No. 14-1717V, 2017 WL 6763067, at *4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Dec. 5, 2017); <u>Miller v.</u> <u>Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 13-914V, 2016 WL 2586700, at *7 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. April 12, 2016). As noted in <u>Prokopeas</u>, these rates conform to the forum rate ranges set forth in Office of Special Masters' 2015-2017 Fee Schedules⁶ which are based upon the standards set forth in <u>McCulloch</u>. <u>Prokopeas</u>, 2017 WL 6763067, at *3 n.8. The undersigned finds petitioner is entitled to attorneys' fees based upon forum rates in this case.

With a few exceptions, petitioner seeks attorneys' fees based upon hourly rates which have been previously awarded by the undersigned and other special masters.⁷ Petitioner has deviated from these rates in the following instances:

- 1. Mr. Shoemaker's 2003 rate: \$278 requested, \$268 previously awarded;
- 2. Mr. Shoemaker's 2004 rate: \$288 requested, \$278 previously awarded;
- 3. Ms. Knickelbein's 2011 rate: \$302 requested, \$300 previously awarded;
- 4. Ms. Knickelbein's 2012 rate: \$313 requested, \$300 previously awarded; and
- 5. Ms. Knickelbein's 2014 rate: \$337 requested, \$325 previously awarded.

<u>See Prokopeas</u>, 2017 WL 6763067, at *5; <u>Hooker</u>, 2017 WL 3033940, at *26. Petitioner has provided no reason why the undersigned should award attorneys' fees at these increased rates. The undersigned finds the rates previously awarded to be reasonable.

⁶ The 2015-2016 Hourly Rate Fee Schedule can be accessed at:

www.uscfc.uscourts.gov/sites/.../Attorneys-Forum-Rate-Fee-Schedule2015-2016.pdf. The 2017 Fee Schedule can be accessed at:

http://www.cofc.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/Attorneys-Forum-Rate-Fee-Schedule-2017.pdf.

 ⁷ See Prokopeas, 2017 WL 6763067, at *5; Cunningham v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 13-483V, 2017 WL 4323145, at *3-4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Sept. 1, 2017); <u>Hooker v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 02-472V, 2017 WL 3033940, at *26 (Fed. Cl. Apr. 11, 2017); <u>Mikkelson v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 15-867V, 2016 WL 6803786, at*4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 3, 2016); <u>Jaffri</u>, 2016 WL 7319407, at *6-7; <u>Boylston v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 11-117V, 2016 WL 3080574, at *3-4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. May 10, 2016); Miller, 2016 WL 2586700, at *8.

Attorney	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Shoemaker	\$258	\$268	\$278	\$288	\$299	\$310	\$324.26	\$336.58
Gentry	\$242		\$260					
Knickelbein				\$225	\$252	\$261	\$271	\$281
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Attorney	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Shoemaker		\$336.58	\$372	\$385	\$400	\$415	\$430	\$440
Gentry				\$361				
Knickelbein		\$300	\$300	\$325	\$325	\$350	\$365	\$378

Attorneys' fees are awarded based upon the following rates:

These decreased rates result in a deduction of \$312.30.

Additionally, the billing records show that the wrong attorney rate was applied in two instances. First, the hourly rate of \$440 was used to calculate the fees for .3 hours of time expended by Mr. Shoemaker in 2007. Pet. App. At 25 (1st entry dated 2/26/2007). Mr. Shoemaker's hourly rate for 2007 is \$310. Second, the hourly rate of \$255 was used to calculate fees for .1 hours expended by Ms. Knickelbein in 2015. <u>Id.</u> at 55 (entry dated 12/31/2015). Ms. Knickelbein's hourly rate for 2015 is \$350. These mistakes result in a deduction of \$39.00 and an increase of \$9.50. Combining these amounts equals a net deduction of \$29.50.

All hourly rate adjustments result in a deduction of \$341.80.

ii. Reduction of Billable Hours

In addition to these rate adjustments, the undersigned finds a reduction in the number of hours billed by Mr. Shoemaker is appropriate for several reasons. Mr. Shoemaker billed time for unnecessary travel that was not related to the hearings in March and May 2016. Additionally, many of the entries in the billing records submitted are vague and reflect an excessive number of communications, both intra-office and with the other attorneys involved in the omnibus proceeding.

For these reasons, each of which are explained in further detail below, the undersigned reduces the number of billable hours by 2.5 hours of time spent on unnecessary travel and by 5 percent⁸ to account for vague billing and excessive communications. **These reductions result in a further deduction of \$4,308.83.**

⁸ This 5 percent reduction was calculated after petitioners' hourly rates were adjusted and the 2.5 hours of travel time was subtracted.

Furthermore, the undersigned is aware that "percentage reductions [of fee awards] are subject to heightened scrutiny." <u>Raymo v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 129 Fed. Cl. at 702 (citing <u>Guerrero v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 120 Fed. Cl. 474, 481-82 (2015) (quoting <u>International Rectifier Corp. v. Samsung Electrics Co.</u>, 424 F.3d 1235, 1239 (Fed. Cir. 2005))).

1. Fees Related to Unnecessary Travel

Mr. Shoemaker billed 2.5 hours of time spent traveling to Chicago, Illinois in May 2014.⁹ Pet. App. at 11 (entry dated 5/23/2014). This travel was unrelated to travel for the hearings held in March and May 2016, and the billing records indicate the purpose of the travel was for a "meeting of omnibus lawyers." <u>Id.</u> Petitioner has not provided any explanation as to why it was necessary for such a meeting to take place in person, rather than over the phone. Indeed, the billing records in this case otherwise reflect that counsel communicated over the phone at length with co-counsel and experts. The undersigned thus finds the time billed by Mr. Shoemaker for travel to Chicago, Illinois in May 2014, to be unreasonable and excessive.

2. Vague Billing and Excessive Communication

The undersigned also finds that the number of hours billed should be reduced for vague billing and for the excessive number of hours billed by Mr. Shoemaker to communicate with attorneys at his law firm and other attorneys involved in the omnibus proceedings.¹⁰ For example, approximately one-half of the time billed by Mr. Shoemaker in October 2013 was for intra-office communications. See Pet. App. at 9 (entries dated 10/10/2013, 10/28/2013, 10/28/2013, and 10/29/2013). This is the case even if the undersigned attributes the majority of time in entries such as "Email to Sabrina;^[11] PC w/client" to interactions with the client. See id. (entry dated 10/29/2013). In Mr. Shoemaker's billing records for the first half of 2014, 29 out of 32 of the entries involved communications with Ms. Knickelbein and lead counsel for the omnibus, John McHugh. See id. at 10-11 (entries dated 1/20/2014 thru 5/26/2014). Some of these entries indicated only "Email to Sabrina" or "Email from Sabrina." Thus, it is difficult to understand the actual work Mr. Shoemaker performed and how it was relevant to petitioner's case. Petitioner has not provided information explaining why such vague billing entries are otherwise reasonable or necessary.

The undersigned has previously decreased an award of attorneys' fees for vagueness.¹² Other special masters as well as the undersigned have reduced fee awards for excessive and

In this case, the undersigned has provided a "concise but clear explanation as to why the fee reduction is justified" as required. <u>Id.</u> (internal citations omitted).

 $^{^{9}}$ Mr. Shoemaker also travel to Baltimore, Maryland in July 2014. Pet. App. at 32. It appears, however, that he included only one-half of the time spent in the meeting and not the time spent traveling to the meeting. <u>Id.</u> (entry dated 7/27/2014).

¹⁰ Out of the approximately 332 entries contained in the billing records for Mr. Shoemaker's work, approximately 130 of the entries met this criteria. This time was also billed in Ms. Knickelbein's time and in billing records from the other attorneys with whom Mr. Shoemaker communicated.

¹¹ "Sabrina" refers to Ms. Knickelbein.

duplicative intra-office communication.¹³ Additionally, the undersigned has previously reduced a petitioner's fee application when counsel bills for meetings between each other, as such billing is excessive and duplicative.¹⁴ Petitioner has not provided a sufficient explanation of why it was necessary for Mr. Shoemaker to spend this amount of time.

An application for fees and costs must sufficiently detail and explain the time billed so that a special master may determine, from the application and the case file, whether the amount requested is reasonable. <u>Bell v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 18 Cl. Ct. 751, 760 (1989); <u>Rodriguez v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 06-559V, 2009 WL 2568468 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mast. June 27, 2009). Petitioners bear the burden of documenting the fees and costs claimed. <u>Id.</u> at *8. Taken as a whole, Mr. Shoemaker's billing entries were so vague that the undersigned could not understand much of the actual work that he performed and its relevance to the case.

b. Attorneys' Costs

Petitioner requests \$2,936.01 in attorneys' costs. Pet. App. at 1. Like attorneys' fees, attorneys' costs must also be reasonable. <u>Sabella</u>, 86 Fed. Cl. at 206. After carefully considering petitioner's application, the undersigned awards a total of \$1,074.85 in costs.

Mr. Shoemaker requests reimbursement for expenses incurred during his trips to Chicago, Illinois in May 2014 and to Baltimore, Maryland in July 2014. The purpose of these trips were to meet with the experts and other co-counsel in the <u>J.M. et al. omnibus</u>. They were not connected to the hearings held in March and May 2016. As noted earlier in Section I(a)(ii)(1), petitioner has not provided any explanation as to why it was necessary for these

¹² <u>Mostovoy v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs</u>., No. 02-10V, 2016 WL 720969, at *8 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Feb. 4, 2016); <u>Barry v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs</u>., No. 12-39V, 2016 WL 6835542, at *8 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 25, 2016) (reduced a fee award by 10 percent due to vague billing entries).

¹³ See Lord v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 12-255V, 2016 WL 3960445, at *7 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. June 13, 2016); Ericzon v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 10-103V, 2016 WL 447770, at *4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 15, 2016); Austin v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 10-362V, 2013 WL 659574, at *14 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 31, 2013) (Special Master Vowell deducted fees for excessive intra-office communication in a case where seven attorneys at CHCC billed for attending conferences and drafting memoranda about the case); Soto v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 09-897V, 2011 WL 2269423, at *6-8 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. June 7, 2011) (Special Master Millman reduced CHCC's fees for intra-office communications and meetings); Carcamo v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 97-483V, 2011 WL 2413345, at *7 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. May 20, 2011) (Special Master Millman reduced fees when two attorneys at the Law Offices of Dale K. Galipo billed for the same meetings with a client).

¹⁴ <u>Bondi v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, No. 12-476V, 2017 WL 1046526 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Feb. 23, 2017) (reducing counsel's invoice for three law firm partners each billing time for case meetings and emails with each other).

meetings to take place in person, rather than over the phone. Thus, the following attorneys' costs will not be reimbursed:

- 1. \$441.88 for airfare and car rental in Chicago;
- 2. \$526.13 for hotel costs in Chicago;
- 3. \$323.02 for hotel and parking in Baltimore
- 4. \$44.00 for airport parking in Chicago; and
- 5. \$526.13 labeled only hotel and parking for meeting with experts.¹⁵

The attorneys' costs sought by petitioner are reduced by \$1,861.16.

c. Petitioners' Out-of-Pocket Costs

Petitioner's out-of-pocket costs consists of payments to obtain required medical records. Pet. App. at 3-20. The undersigned finds these costs reasonable and reimburses them in full.

II. Conclusion

For the reasons set forth above, the undersigned finds that petitioners are entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs. The amount of the award is computed as follows:

Total Fees and Costs Requested:	\$70,710.22			
Attorneys' Fees:				
Total Requested:	\$67,518.35			
Reduction for Rate Adjustments:	(\$341.80)			
Reduction for Unnecessary Time	(\$1,000.00)			
5 % Reduction:	(\$3,308.83)			
Total Awarded:	\$62,867.72			
Attorneys' Costs:				
Total Requested:	\$2,936.01			
Reduction for Unnecessary Travel:	(\$1,861.16)			
Total Awarded:	\$1,074.85			
Petitioner's Costs:				
Total Requested:	\$255.86			
Reduction:	(\$0.00)			
Total Awarded:	\$255.86			

¹⁵ Since this entry is the same amount claimed earlier for hotel costs in Chicago, the undersigned assumes this second entry was erroneously included. Either way, it is deducted from the attorneys' costs awarded.

Accordingly, the undersigned awards \$64,198.43 in fees and costs as follows:

1. \$63,942.57 in attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable jointly to petitioner and petitioner's attorney, Clifford John Shoemaker; and

2. \$255.86 in petitioner's costs, in the form of a check payable to petitioner.

In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the clerk of court shall enter judgment in accordance herewith.¹⁶

IT IS SO ORDERED.

<u>s/Nora Beth Dorsey</u> Nora Beth Dorsey Chief Special Master

¹⁶ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by each party, either separately or jointly, filing a notice renouncing the right to seek review.